Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

- (2) Identify the partnership and the person being authorized by name, address, and taxpayer identification numbers.
- (3) Specify the partnership taxable year or years for which the authorization is effective; and
- (4) Be signed by all persons who were general partners (or, in the case of an LLC, member-managers, as those terms are defined in §301.6231(a)(7)-2(b)) at any time during the year or years for which the authorization is effective.
- (b) Effective date. This section is applicable to partnership taxable years beginning on or after October 4, 2001. For years beginning prior to October 4, 2001, see §301.6229(b)-1T contained in 26 CFR part 1, revised April 1, 2001.

[T.D. 8965, 66 FR 50555, Oct. 4, 2001]

§ 301.6229(b)-2 Special rule with respect to debtors in Title 11 cases.

- (a) In general. Notwithstanding any other law or rule of law, if an agreement is entered into under section 6229(b)(1)(B), and the agreement is signed by a person who would be the tax matters partner but for the fact that, at the time that the agreement is executed, the person is a debtor in a bankruptcy proceeding under Title 11 of the United States Code, such agreement shall be binding on all partners in the partnership unless the Internal Revenue Service has been notified of the bankruptcy proceeding in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Procedures for notifying the Internal Revenue Service of a partner's bankruptcy proceeding. (1) The Internal Revenue Service shall be notified of the bankruptcy proceeding of the tax matters partner in accordance with the procedures set forth in § 301.6223(c)-1.
- (2) In addition to the information specified in §301.6223(c)-1, notification that a person is (or was) a debtor in a bankruptcy proceeding shall include the date the bankruptcy proceeding was filed, the name and address of the court in which the bankruptcy proceeding exists (or took place), the caption of the bankruptcy proceeding (including the docket number or other identification number used by the court), and the status of the proceeding as of the date of notification.

(c) Effective date. This section is applicable to partnership taxable years beginning on or after October 4, 2001. For years beginning prior to October 4, 2001, see § 301.6229(b)-2T contained in 26 CFR part 1, revised April 1, 2001.

[T.D. 8965, 66 FR 50555, Oct. 4, 2001]

§ 301.6229(c)(2)-1T Substantial omission of income (temporary).

- (a) Partnership return—(1) General rule. (i) If any partnership omits from the gross income stated in its return an amount properly includible therein that is in excess of 25 percent of the amount of gross income stated in its return, subsection (a) of section 6229 shall be applied by substituting "6 years" for "3 years."
- (ii) For purposes of paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section, the term gross income, as it relates to a trade or business, means the total of the amounts received or accrued from the sale of goods or services, to the extent required to be shown on the return, without reduction for the cost of those goods or services.
- (iii) For purposes of paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section, the term gross income, as it relates to any income other than from the sale of goods or services in a trade or business, has the same meaning as provided under section 61(a), and includes the total of the amounts received or accrued, to the extent required to be shown on the return. In the case of amounts received or accrued that relate to the disposition of property, and except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, gross income means the excess of the amount realized from the disposition of the property over the unrecovered cost or other basis of the property. Consequently, except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, an understated amount of gross income resulting from an overstatement of unrecovered cost or other basis constitutes an omission from gross income for purposes of section 6229(c)(2).
- (iv) An amount shall not be considered as omitted from gross income if information sufficient to apprise the Commissioner of the nature and amount of the item is disclosed in the return, including any schedule or statement attached to the return.

§301.6229(e)-1

- (2) [Reserved]
- (b) Effective/applicability date. The rules of this section apply to taxable years with respect to which the applicable period for assessing tax did not expire before September 24, 2009.
- (c) Expiration date. The applicability of this section expires on or before September 24, 2012.

T.D. 9466, 74 FR 49322, Sept. 28, 20091

§ 301.6229(e)-1 Information with respect to unidentified partner.

- (a) In general. A partner who is not properly identified on the partnership return (including an indirect partner) remains an unidentified partner for purposes of section 6229(e) until identifying information is furnished as provided in §301.6223(c)-1.
- (b) Effective date. This section is applicable to partnership taxable years beginning on or after October 4, 2001. For years beginning prior to October 4, 2001, see § 301.6229(e)–1T contained in 26 CFR part 1, revised April 1, 2001.

[T.D. 8965, 66 FR 50555, Oct. 4, 2001]

§ 301.6229(f)-1 Special rule for partial settlement agreements.

- (a) In general. If a partner enters into a settlement agreement with the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the treatment of some of the partnership items or partnership-level determinations of any penalty, addition to tax, or additional amount in dispute for a partnership taxable year, but one or more other partnership items or determinations remain in dispute, the period of limitations for assessing any tax attributable to the settled items shall be determined as if such agreement had not been entered into.
- (b) Other items remaining in dispute. Pursuant to section 6226(c), a partner is a party to a partnership-level judicial proceeding with respect to partnership items and partnership-level determinations of penalties, additions to tax or additional amounts. When a partner settles partnership items, the settled partnership items convert to nonpartitems under nership section 6231(b)(1)(C) and will not be subject to any future or pending partnership-level section proceeding pursuant to 6226(d)(1). The remaining unsettled

partnership items, as well as any unsettled penalty, addition to tax, or additional amount that relates to an adjustment to a partnership item (regardless of whether the partnership item to which it relates has been settled), however, will remain subject to determination under partnership-level administrative and judicial procedures. Consequently, any remaining unsettled items, including any unsettled penalty, addition to tax, or additional amount that relates to an adjustment to a partnership item, will be deemed to remain in dispute. Thus, the period for assessing any tax attributable to the settled items will be governed by the period for assessing any tax attributable to the remaining unsettled items

(c) Effective date. This section is applicable to partnership taxable years beginning on or after October 4, 2001. For years beginning prior to October 4, 2001, see § 301.6229(f)–1T contained in 26 CFR part 1, revised April 1, 2001.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.~8965,~66~FR~50555,~Oct.~4,~2001}]$

§ 301.6230(b)-1 Request that correction not be made.

- (a) In general. The request that a correction not be made under section 6230(b)(2) shall be in writing and shall—
- (1) State that it is a request that a correction not be made under section 6230(b);
- (2) Identify the partnership and the partner filing the request by name, address, and taxpayer identification number:
- (3) Be signed by the partner filing the request; and
- (4) Be filed with the Internal Revenue Service office that provided the notice of the correction of the error.
- (b) Effective date. This section is applicable to partnership taxable years beginning on or after October 4, 2001. For years beginning prior to October 4, 2001, see §301.6230(b)-1T contained in 26 CFR part 1, revised April 1, 2001.

[T.D. 8965, 66 FR 50556, Oct. 4, 2001]

§301.6230(c)-1 Claim arising out of erroneous computation, etc.

(a) In general. A claim for refund under section 6230(c) shall state the grounds for the claim and shall be filed